



MONDAY, MAY 29, 1809.

[No. 2500.]

**Sales at Vendue.**

Every Tuesday and Friday,  
WILL BE SOLD

at the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and  
Water streets.

**Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.**  
Particulars of which will be expressed in  
the bills of the day—All kinds of goods  
are on limitation and the prices of  
which are established, can at any time be  
purchased at the lowest limitation  
prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. M.

**LANDING,**

From schr. *Federalist*, capt. Gunnison,  
boxes mould CANDLES  
lbs. dry COD FISH  
do. N. E. RUM  
bls. MACKEREL  
bushels SALT  
do. POTATOES

FOR SALE BY

John G. Ladd.

April 19

**Just Published,**  
BY COTTON AND STEWART,

And for sale at their Store,  
(Price One Dollar)

**The Exile of Erin,**

A NOVEL.  
By Mrs. Plunkett—late Miss Gunning.

January 6.

**Joseph Mandeville,**

CORNER OF KING AND FAIRFAX STREETS,  
Has Received,

100 half boxes Roufett's CI-

RS, warranted of the very first quality

full contents.

Real Maccouba Snuff,

Apple do Coarse and Fine,

boxes fresh MUSTARD,

Philadelphia CHOCOLATE, 1s

ad quality.

—HE HAS ALSO,

**General Assortment as usual.**

Good WINES, LIQUORS, and GROCE-

ES, for sale.

December 21.

**Plastic Three-split Metallic Pens.**

Price One Dollar—

Just received by ROBERT GRAY.

ALSO,

A general assortment of

Dr. Rogers' Vegetable Pulmonic

Detergent.

March 17.

**Cotton and Stewart**

Have just published their

**ALMANAC for 1809.**

Containing a great deal of useful and enter-

ing matter. For sale by the thousand

as, or single one.

**FRESH FRUIT.**

Subscriber has just received and offers for

sale,

Malaga Raisins in kegs,

Muscatel and Bloom Raisins

boxes.

ALSO,

36 bags and 12 barrels Coffee.

James Patton.

April 19.

Just Received

FOR SALE BY R. GRAY,

A few copies of the works of

FISHER AMES,

Compiled by a number of his friends—to

which are prefixed notices of his life and cha-

acter. Price \$ 3 50 in boards.

May 17.

**Wanted to Hire,**

A smart active WAITER—to one that can

be well recommended for his honesty and

industry, liberal wages will be given by

Alexander Gordon,

Washington taver.

April 26.

**A Mulatto Boy for Sale.**

FOR SALE,

A likely smart MULATTO BOY, four

years of age. Price Three Hundred Dol

Apply to the Printer.

January 2.

**Black River Lottery,**

NO. 2.

Prizes in the wheel at the close of the 24th  
day's drawing.

1 prize of	—	—	\$20,000
2 do. of	—	—	10,000
1 do. of	—	—	5,000
1 do. of	—	—	2,000
2 do. of	—	—	1,000
8 do. of	—	—	500
21 do. of	—	—	200
64 do. of	—	—	100
80 do. of	—	—	50
208 do. of	—	—	20
5857 do. of	—	—	10

First drawn ticket 25th day of drawing,  
entitled to 5000 dollars.

Present price of tickets, Ten Dollars.

ROBERT GRAY.

May 23.

**Joseph H. Mandeville,**

Corner of King and Union-streets,  
HAS FOR SALE,

2000 bushels coarse and fine Salt, by the

bushel and in sacks.

50 barrels Whiskey.

1000 wt. Rhode Island Cheese.

Goshen do. in casks.

5000 wt. best green Coffee, in bags.

1000 do. white do.

French Brandy.

Jamaica, Antigua, Windward Island, and

New England Rum.

Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, and Hy

son Skin Teas, of the latest importations.

Sugar, best Muscovado, in hogsheads and

barrels.

Do inferior qualities, in do.

Molasses, in hogsheads

Clover Seed, warranted fresh.

Cotton, in bales and by retail.

Candles, mould and dipped.

Loaf and Lump Sugar.

Spanish Cigars, Hamilton's and Garret's

Snuff, in bottles, Writing and Wrapping Pa

per, Pepper, Allspice, Chewing Tobacco,

Madder, Copperas, Seal Leather, Red Cords,

ALSO,

Best Superfine Flour, for private families,

a few barrels Corn, and some Seed Oats,

Plaster of Paris, &c.

April 17.

**USEFUL PROPERTIES**

OF

**YARWOOD'S**

Patent Washing Machine.

THIS highly useful Machine is found by

experience to excel any hitherto in

use. It will wash as many cloaths (by the

assistance of one person) in an hour as can

be washed in a whole day, without the pos-

sibility of injuring, fretting or tearing the

most delicate article, and with less than half

the quantity of soap. It occupies very little

more space than the common wash-tub, and

with the least care will not create any slop or

wet—the construction is very simple and at-

tended with little expence. A further de-

scription of its qualities is now deemed unnec-

essary, as it is presumed none will pur-

chase without examining it.

We the subscribers do hereby certify that

we have found, on trial, the above named

Machine to answer fully the above descrip-

tion. Given under our hands this 5th day of

May, A. D. 1809.

John Sellers,

John Markland,

Elizabeth Lomax,

Sufan Sellers,

Samuel Hatterflay,

Eleanor Bufel,

Sarah Drown,

Mary Higdon,

John Drown.

I have examined the above

Machine, seen it in operation, and believe it

to answer the description.

J. Swift.

May 5.

Any person wishing to

purchase one or more rights in the above

Machine, can be supplied by applying to

Wm. C. Newton.

Prince street, Alexandria.

Sm

May 6.

N. B. All persons are cautioned against

making or using the above Machine without

a certificate from me.

W. C. NEWTON.

**FOR SALE,**

If applied for within four days,

THE GOOD BRIG

**MINERVA,**

J. MATTHEWS, Master;  
Between two and three years old, will car-

ry 1700 barrels.

Enquire of the Printer.

800 barrels will be taken on freight  
for BOSTON, if offered in six days. En-

quire as above.

May 13.

For BOSTON,

The Schooner

**EAGLE.**

NATHANIEL BUTLER, Master:

Burthen seven hundred barrels. For freight

or passage apply to

John G. Ladd,

Who has for sale, now landing from said ves-

sel,

2 bales Beerboon Gurrahs,

1 case India Chintz,

do. do. Calico,

do. do. Bandano Handkerchiefs,

10 boxes and 4 barrels Ladies Shoes, as-

sorted,

150 reams Writing Paper,

150 do. Wrapping do.

8 boxes Windsor Soap,

244 casks Stone Lime,

10 casks Spermaceti and Whale Oil,

50 boxes Spermaceti Candles.

May 20.

**FOR SALE,**

At my store, lower end of Prince street,  
SWEET ORANGES

Excellent LIMES by the barrel or smaller

quantity

Fresh RAISINS in boxes or retail, of a su-

perior quality

Connecticut FLAX, first quality

Cavendish Chewing TOBACCO, with o-

ther articles in the GROCERY LINE.

A. WILLIS.

I wish to inform my friends,

I shall commence running in

Fort Washington Packet

next Wednesday, to start from

Rickett's and Newton's wharf, every day at 9

o'clock and return the same afternoon. Any

gentleman wishing to make up a party will

please to give me one days notice. Particular

are will be taken to furnish the best provi-

sions and liquors.

Abel Willis.

May 13.

**MILITARY LANDS.**

FOR SALE,

Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexan-

dria or its vicinity,

A Warrant for 696 acres of Land,

Granted by the state of Virginia for Military

services during the revolutionary war. This

land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to

be amongst the best in the state. It will be

sold a great bargain. Apply to

John Longden.

May 13.

TO RENT,

The Washington Tavern, in Alex-

andria.

I WISH TO RENT for a term of years,

the above mentioned TAVERN, with the

out-houses thereunto belonging. It is situ-

ated on King-street, the most central and

public part of Alexandria. The buildings

are commodious and good, and the stand ex-

celled by none in the place. A further de-

scription of this property is deemed unneces-

sary, as it is very generally known, having

been occupied as a public house for upwards

of twelve years.

Possession may be had the 15th July next.

John Dundas.

May 8

Removal.

JOHN KNIGHT,

Saddler, Cap and Harness-maker,

RESPECTFULLY informs his FRIENDS

and CUSTOMERS that he has removed

his shop from Royal-street to King-street,

nearly opposite Philip Triplett's flour store,

where he will keep on hand a constant sup-

ply of the best SADDLES, BRIDLES and

HARNES, and will pay the strictest atten-

tion to orders for any articles in his line.

May 16.

**Notice is hereby given,**

To the Stockholders of the Washington Bridge

Company,

That the fifth instalment of Ten Dollars,  
on each share, is called for, which must be  
paid on or before the 15th June next agreeably  
to the act of Congress, entitled "An act au-

thorising the erection of a bridge over the ri-</



# Alexandria Daily Gazette, COMMERCIAL AND POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY  
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,  
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette, 6 Dollars per annum.  
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

## Alexandria Price Current.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

### FOREIGN ARTICLES.

	per.	D.	C.	D.	C.
Coffee,	lb.	25	28		
Duck, Russia	bolt.	40	45		
Ravens	21	23			
Fruit, Raisins	keg	11	11	50	
	box	4	5		
Indigo, Spanish (flat.)	lb.	2	50	2	60
Molasses,	gal.	40	50		
Salt, coarse	bus.	50	65		
fine	60	70			
Spices, Nutmegs	lb.	9	10		
Pepper	25	30			
Pimento	28	30			
Spirits, Brandy (French) 4th	gal.	1	70	1	80
Gin, Holland	1	75	1	80	
Rum, Jamaica 4th	1	15	1	25	
Antigua 3d	1	1	1	10	
Windward	90	1			
2d & 3d					
Sugars, 1st quality	cwt.	11	12	50	
2d & 3d	9	11			
Teas, Imperial	lb.	2	25	2	50
Hyson	1	20	1	30	
Young Hyson	1	10	1	25	
Hyson Skin	90	1			
Wines, Madeira	gal.	2	2	50	
Port	1	60	1	75	
Lisbon	1	35	1	40	
Malaga	1	10	1	20	

### DOMESTIC ARTICLES.

	per.	D.	C.	D.	C.
Bacon	lb.	10	12		
Beef, Mess	bbl.	15			
Prime	12				
Bread, Crackers	100	6			
Pilot	5	50			
Ship	3	50			
Candles, Mould	lb.	18	20		
Dipt	16	18			
Cheese	8	12			
Cotton, Upland	19	20			
Fish, Mackerel	bbl.	7	50	8	
Flour, superfine	6				
Grain, Wheat	bus.	1	1		
Corn	55	56			
Flaxseed	none				
Glass, Window 8 by 10	box	14	15		
Gunpowder, Keg	25lb.	10	15		
Hemp	cwt.	10	12		
Iron, Barr	ton	120	125		
Pork, Mess	bbl.	18			
Prime	15				
Spirits, N. E. Rum	gal.	50	52		
Whiskey	45	46			
Sugar, New Orleans	100	11	12		
Loaf	lbs.	20	21		
Lump	19	20			
Tobacco, Maryland	cwt.	5			
Potomac	5				

### PRICE OF STOCKS.

Alexandria Bank,	par
Potomac do.	par
Marine Insurance	par
Washington Bridge	par
Little River Turnpike	uncertain
Washington and Alexandria do.	par
Exchange on London, par.	

### ATTENTION!

Battalion Courts of Enquiry will be held at the court house, on Tuesday, the 30th instant, for the assessment of fines—and a Legionary Court of Enquiry will be held at the same place, on Saturday, the 10th June next, for hearing appeals, and performing other duties required by Law. The court will be opened at ten o'clock on each day.

Philip Triplett, Adjt.

May 25.

### THE STAGES.

I WISH to dispose of both the accommodation and mail lines of stages, between Alexandria and Dumfries; together with the contract for carrying the mail between those places, which has yet 16 months to run. They will be sold, if desired, an accommodating time, by the payment being satisfactorily secured.

N. ELLICOTT.

May 12.

### WANTED TO HIRE,

An active, well disposed BOY, of color, about 15 years of age.

March 20.

Apply to the Printer.

## FOREIGN.

(VIA PHILADELPHIA.)

LONDON, March 28.

Letters from all parts of the continent, mention the very uncommon misery as well as the discontent of all classes of people.—Should Bonaparte meet with any reverses, depend upon it not only Germany, but Italy, Holland, and France, will be the theatres of new and I fear, sanguinary convulsions. That the revolution in Sweden has been effected by the gold and intrigues of Bonaparte, cannot be doubted. The new regent is known to be an old partisan of France, and one of the chiefs of the sect called "The Illuminati." One of his victims is count de Fersen, a nobleman, personally insulted by Bonaparte at Rastadt, in 1797, on account of his supposed attachment to the Bourbons. Though a Swede by birth, he was, before the revolution, a colonel of the regiment of Royal Suedors in the French service; and it was he, who, in 1791, procured the present Louis XVIII. an opportunity to escape by way of Valenciennes when the unfortunate Louis XVI. was arrested at Varennes.

Several accounts have been received of hostilities between Austria and France, but nothing yet official. Politicians do not expect here that Russia will join France in a new continental war; but also they do not hope that she will oppose the gigantic strides of Napoleon towards universal dominion—She will, nevertheless, not survive, many years, the fall of Austria.

Several persons have letters from St. Petersburg of a late date, mentioning some changes in the politics of its cabinet: but as long as the Russian messengers come here by way of France, it would be absurd to suppose any thing very favorable to this country. They may bring some new pacific proposals in conjunction with France, but certainly no overtures for a separate peace with England.

Reports continue to circulate here of insurrections in Poland; in Switzerland, in the Papal territory, and in Calabria; they are founded upon the contents of private letters from Holland, which also mention another revolution in Turkey."

Extract of a letter from an officer in the squadron off Rochefort, dated March 18, 1809.

"I am now in this bay, mooring our ships in the enemy's ships, and our frigate half way in advance, so that it is impossible for the Frenchmen to get out without bringing us to action. They have one three decked ship, and ten two deckers. We have the same, but I am afraid they will not engage us and that it will be a long blockade. It is said that the commander in chief is determined to lay at anchor, blow high or blow low, so that they cannot escape."

### Latest from Spain.

Proclamation of the British general Wilson, to the Spaniards.

Inhabitants of the Sierra! I am come to join you in the sacred cause which you have sworn to defend. My duty, my conscience, and the love of glory, urge me to undertake any thing, and to make every possible sacrifice for your interests. The alternate successes, naturally to be expected during so great a contest, I am positive, have not damped your ardor or depressed your patriotism. The evils which have been inflicted upon your countrymen by sanguinary gangs of lawless and barbarous vandals, only serve to kindle in your hearts a desire to avenge yourselves, and the outrages committed against God, your country and your captive king. The cause, which we support, is too interesting for us to abandon it. If you should conquer, you would bequeath to posterity the independence which you have inherited, and Spain would preserve her name and distinguished rank among the powers of Europe; but, if conquered, Spain will no longer be a power. You shall be subjected to foreign laws; your industry shall only serve to enrich the nations plundered by a perfidious Corsican, and your unhappy children, doomed to a disgraceful servitude, shall be, in his hands, the instruments of the ruin of other countries, the object of his ambition and covetousness.

Spain will shake off the infamous yoke, if she be firm and steady in her determination: the armies of one nation shall ever prove impotent against the population of another, if the latter be armed and united to defend its freedom and independence. What! are one hundred and twenty thousand banditti to subjugate ten millions of Spaniards?—No. Ah! if the Spaniards preserved the memory of a Gonzalo of Cordova, of the conquerors of France, of a Francis I. and of so many other heroes who

triumphed over so many nations;—and if they should think, but for one moment, on the contemptible forces with which this tyrant hopes to subdue Spain they would soon be sensible, that it is not for the shrub to contend with the lex, or for the soft grass to lord it over the hard oak. The enemy of humanity wants to persuade you, that his black eagles are victorious in every quarter, and that England has abandoned Spain forever. All his victories will shortly be like those of Baylen and Arragon; and the king of England will keep his royal word, provided the Spaniards do not desert the sacred cause for which his majesty feels so lively an interest. All Europe expects every Spaniard to prepare for vengeance; and so long as there is one with arms in his hands, he shall find an Englishman to stand by him, at all events, in an honorable manner. Beloved Spaniards! let us fly to arms: the time of glory is close at hand. Vengeance, victory or death!—let these be the consoling words which will fire your souls.

(Signed) WILSON,  
Brigadier-General.  
[Seville Political & Literary Courier.]

By a Malaga article of the 11th March, in the same number, it appears that packets are to be appointed to sail, every 10 days, from that port for Trieste on the Adriatic: "which disposition," it is added, "clearly evinces the good understanding which prevails between the two governments, and the importance attached to a regular intercourse between the two countries."

### Extracts from private letters.

BENICARLO, March 12.

I have much pleasure in making you acquainted with the continuance of success which attends the patriotic and gallant exertions of the armed peasantry in Catalonia. These little successes, whilst they animate the Spaniards, are most seriously injurious to the enemy.

Upon the 6th of this month, a party of French dragoons, of 49 men, having laden their horses in the neighborhood of Rumbides, were surprised by the Somatenes, and every horse taken. The dragoons effected their escape. The loss of these horses will be most seriously felt by the enemy.

Upon the 8th, in the morning, the Somatenes in possession of the heights above Mouns del Rey, upon the left bank of the river, the enemy, who were repulsed; and, in the course of that night, they retired from Molins del Rey, and passed the bridge, which was immediately occupied by 400 of the peasants.

Upon the morning of the 10th, a small corps of infantry, supposed to be 300 men, and 40 dragoons, with a field piece, attacked Somatenes, and drove them across the bridge; and, imagining there would be no farther resistance, attempted to proceed with the intention to open the communication with Barcelona, which was now cut off between that city and General St. Cyr, whose line of intercourse ran from Valls through Villa Franca and Molins del Rey. The gallant peasants had only fallen back to the heights over that village, so that, at the moment when the enemy imagined their difficulties were overcome, they were so vigorously attacked as to be forced back upon the bridge, where they took post, and the action became most obstinate, nor could the enemy repass the bridge without difficulty, as a party of Somatenes had posted themselves at a house at the extremity of it. For four hours the firing was incessant, both parties anxiously awaiting succors: at length, the Tercio of Tebecun arrived, under the command of an excellent officer, Colonel Philip Furis. This was the signal for an immediate charge upon the enemy, which was effected with great gallantry and impetuosity. The piece of artillery, its horses and ammunition-wagon fell into our hands, 180 men were left dead upon the spot, and an officer and 38 men made prisoners. Nor is it supposed that any of the infantry were able to escape: for, of those who attempted to retire towards Villa Franca, 40 were killed at the bridge of Lidone (across a deep gully which intersects the main road) and many others were found in different parts of the roads.—The officer commanding, supposed to be general Chabran, and his aid-de-camp, together with the cavalry, effected their escape, all the firelocks, drum and knapsacks, of this division, fell into the hands of the intrepid peasants, who had the satisfaction to release a Spanish officer and seventeen men, who had been made prisoners that very morning. Several officers and soldiers are highly recommended to the captain general for their conduct, and particularly a sergeant of the regiment of Baza (of which corps there was a detachment engaged:) he was shot through the thigh; but immediately upon tying up

his wound, returned to his corps. Two soldiers of this regiment also distinguished themselves by being the first who gallantly rushed upon the piece of artillery. The loss on the part of the Spaniards was 12 killed and 28 wounded.

CORDOVA, March 27.

The army of the center, under the command of count de Cartaojal, has advanced towards Toledo, and in an action which was fought near that city, has defeated and captured a whole Polish regiment.

SEVILLE, April 1.

From the Army of Estremadura.

The general in chief of the army of Estremadura [Gen. Cuesta] is posted at Berlanga with the whole of the division of his army, at which place likewise is posted the troops which were high Guadalupe but were not in the battle of Medellin, and the troops that were scattered in consequence of it. Till the 29th March the enemy had not passed the Don Benito and la Serna. Gen. Cuesta, although wounded in that battle, yet, with that activity and enterprise which characterize him, continued profiting of every opportunity to observe the French, and defend the capital, in case of an attack upon it.

The Supreme Junta which is so much interested in the preservation of this worthy general, has ordered him henceforward to declare the state of his health.

SEVILLE, April 3.

The following intelligence is published by authority:

Tarragona, March 9.—The 2d division of New-Castile grenadiers having gone on the 16th ult to occupy the town of Capellades which was threatened by the enemy, the commander lieut. col. Benigno Osorio ordered small detachments to advance under the command of lieut. Sebastian Ramirez who, in the morning of the following day with the aid of a party of miquelets of Barcelona who were posted on the heights to the right, fired upon the advanced guard of the enemy, which they returned; and although their opposition was vigorous they had to yield to the impetuosity of our detachments whose commander was the first to rush upon the enemy, taking a colonel prisoner. His brave example was followed by some grenadiers, and immediately after by all the detachments and miquelets, so that the enemy were completely routed and compelled to quit the field, leaving behind 35 killed and 73 prisoners, including 7 officers. The general in chief has promoted the grenadiers upon whom he has conferred the following insignia of distinction, "To the brave defenders of their country."

BADAJOS, March 5.

This Superior Junta has received the following official accounts:

"In compliance with the orders of your excellency of the 23d Feb. this Junta forwards the information just now received from Guadalupe respecting the situation of our enemies. The enemy have evacuated Jara, in consequence of the bridge being closed or destroyed. Our troops which are about 2000 of the battalions of Cantabria, Mallorca, Seville, two companies from Cordova, and one of Walloons, occupy the posts of Arrebata-capas, San Vincente, San Bartolome, and the Portillo de Cijara. The division of Trias has its advanced guard at the Castellar y Navalvillar de Ibor, three leagues distant from the gate of Arrebata-capas. Just now we have received information from Burguillos, two leagues distant from the bridge, that on the 26th there was an attack towards Almaraz, the result of which was two wagon loads of wounded Frenchmen arrived at the bridge. Our cavalry and infantry have pushed on towards Almaraz.

Signed at Guadalupe, the 28th February.

Don Anastasio Calderon Agudela,  
Don F. Jeronimo de Villanueva, Vicar President."

BADAJOS, March 9.

The government junta has received the following information from Don Juan Heronela:

This day, I am informed, that by order of this regency, 6000 British and Portuguese troops are to depart to Alentejo and from thence to Estremadura. The archbishop; dean and committee of the cathedral church of Santiago in consequence of the French army having entered that city, embarked at the port of Villa Juan, in sailor's dresses, and conveyed here in a Spanish brig, in 8 days. They informed that the French make prizes of all British and Portuguese vessels, leaving the Spanish vessels free, considering them as belonging to the same king.



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BALTIMORE, May 25.  
The ship Cito, Deal, 74 days from  
France. Sailed 10th March—left  
American vessels. Of Cape of Good  
Hope, was boarded by the British frigate  
Hermes, and detained from 11 o'clock at  
night until ten next morning, had sent a  
sloop and twelve men on board with  
intention of sending the ship to Madras,  
changing his opinion returned the ships  
and dismissed her. Provisions of  
all kinds very scarce at Isle of France. The  
sailors and privateers have sent and con-  
tinued sending in great numbers of English  
sloop ships—heard that the ship Rebecca  
of Baltimore, was at Batavia, and had lost  
third mate and several of the hands.

**Alexandria Daily Gazette.**  
MONDAY, MAY 29.

NEW HAMPSHIRE SENATE.  
Official.—The governor and council have  
held their session for the purpose of count-  
ing the votes for Senators. The result is,  
for the whole number is elected by the peo-  
ple, viz.—SEVEN Federalists, and FIVE  
Democrats.

**CONGRESS.**  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FRIDAY, May 26.  
[CONCLUDED.]  
[Taken for the Alexandria Gazette.]

[Mr. Randolph's resolution under consi-  
deration. Motion made to refer it indefi-  
nitely.]  
Mr. Randolph. I did not think this re-  
solution would be opposed by a majority of  
this house, though I did think it would be  
opposed by those who did not approve  
the promptitude of the executive on this oc-  
casion. My motive is barely to approbate  
a single measure—"by the President of the  
United States a proclamation"—this is the  
measure; and not a general discussion of  
men and measures, for this is the only one  
of a public nature known to us in his admi-  
nistration, if we except his laying up the  
gun boats in dry dock which has my hearty  
approbation. It will discover to the Presi-  
dent that he has done right and that we ap-  
prove of what he has done; is it come to  
this that the opinion of this house is to go  
for nothing with the President, that he  
would look upon it as an officious interfe-  
rence; this would be taking higher ground  
than gentlemen would have him formerly,  
when he was to open Parliament, or Con-  
gress, with a most gracious speech from the  
throne, and his obedient commons return an  
obsequious answer. This is a great nation-  
al question, and though gentlemen may lum-  
ber it up with amendments, they cannot keep  
it out of sight: The gentleman from Mas-  
sachusetts, (Mr. Bacon) must not attribute  
to me improper motives, when I declare the  
fact of his amendment not to be true.—  
Why will gentlemen with their amend-  
ments intrude upon us the old worthless  
lumber, the embargo, non-importation act,  
&c. Let us not put new wine into old bot-  
tles. Why mingle two subjects, on which  
there is such a difference of opinion in dif-  
ferent parts of this house. Sir, it is an old  
adage, perhaps too old for the delicate ears  
of my auditory, put an addled egg into a  
pudding and you can never make it sweet;  
and if these political rectifiers think to pour  
out of the jar a fresh vintage into an old  
vat, and preserve the whole sweet, they are  
mistaken. The late president will never  
have to put on sackcloth and ashes for his  
concessions to Great Britain. Our differ-  
ences with her stood in a quite different re-  
lation at the end of the last session of Con-  
gress, when we so happily got rid of those  
measures which originated our distresses;  
they are sunk, I hope, never to rise again.  
What would have been the condition of G.  
Britain had she accepted the offers of the  
late president? It would have been this, the  
non-importation act would have been in  
force against her, a proclamation inhibiting  
her armed vessels from our waters, while  
the vessels of her adversary were harbored  
and fostered by us; and that proposition is  
attempted to be identified with the late mea-  
sures of the administration. [Mr. Randolph  
accused the late administration of partial-  
ity and dwelt on Monroe's treaty, urg-  
ing that the country is now in the same state  
as that treaty would have placed it, without  
being subject to the inconveniences it has  
labored under. The same offer that has  
now been accepted as reparation for the at-  
tack on the Chesapeake, was before sponta-  
neously offered to Mr. Monroe, had his in-  
structions permitted him to accept it. To  
defeat the amendment of his resolution, and

an indefinite reference, which he said tend-  
ed to kill and not to cure, he drew out an  
extensive outline of the measures of the  
last and present administration on the sub-  
ject of differences with Great Britain.]  
Mr. Holland was for postponement. He  
was afraid of false influence. What in is  
this highly extolled act so worthy? Had  
the President not acted so, what in would  
it not have been unworthy? He but did  
his duty: no more: Should we go on pass-  
ing approbatory acts for individual measures  
as a kind of stimulus, soon we should see  
our President gaping for a vote of thanks  
on his last act, before he would have courage  
enough to proceed to another.  
Mr. Jackson wished the resolution post-  
poned. We had met here for nobler pur-  
poses than pouring the oil of adulation on  
the head of the executive: It would be a  
violation of our, and it is surely a violation  
of the mover's principles.  
After many pros and cons an adjourn-  
ment was called for and carried.

SATURDAY, May 27.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed  
to enquire what business is necessary to be  
done by this house during the present ses-  
sion and that they report thereon to the  
house.

Mr. Troup suggested the propriety of  
consulting with the senate what business was  
necessary to be done during the present ses-  
sion, as had been usual, and the word joint-  
ly was inserted. Carried, ayes 83, and a  
committee of 5 appointed.

Mr. Nelson presented a bill (on the peti-  
tion of M'Call and others) authorising de-  
bentures in certain cases.

Mr. Quincy presented the petition of the  
sugar refiners of Boston, praying encourage-  
ment from government by allowing a draw-  
back on exportation of 5 cents per lb. Re-  
ferred to the committee of commerce and  
manufactures.

On motion of Mr. Lewis,  
Resolved, That the committee on post-of-  
fices and post roads be instructed to enquire  
into the expediency of establishing a post  
route from the town of Trap in the state of  
Maryland, to the town of Waterford in the  
state of Virginia.

On motion, Resolved, That the President  
be requested to cause the secretary at war  
to lay before this house an estimate of the  
sums necessary to complete the fortifications  
already commenced and contemplated to be  
commenced; also the deficiencies of former  
appropriations for that object.

Mr. Nelson presented a bill allowing the  
ships and vessels of foreign nations, inter-  
course with which is not prohibited by law,  
to clear out with cargoes. Which was read  
three times and passed.

The house proceeded by ballot to  
the choice of a chaplain on their part: first  
ballot Mr. Lee 55  
Mr. Brown 43

The remainder of 119 (60 necessary for  
a choice) scattered among Messrs Laurie  
(15) Elliot (1) and Muir (5).

Second ballot, whole number 114, Mr.  
Lee 70 and is elected.

Approbatory vote—motion to postpone  
indefinitely—ayes 54—noes 54—lost.

Mr. Stanford submitted the following:

Resolved, That the committee appointed  
to enquire whether any and what prosecu-  
tions at common law have been instituted  
before courts of the United States, in cases  
of libels, and by what authority, &c. be in-  
structed to enquire, what prosecutions for  
libels have been instituted before courts of  
the United States, under the sedition act,  
and into the expediency of remunerating  
persons who suffered under the same.

An amendment was moved by Mr. Saw-  
yer—"and also to enquire whether any and  
what compensation has been made to such  
suffering persons."

It was contended that the amendment  
was entirely out of order, as going beyond  
the powers of the house; that they have no  
right to institute enquiries into the private  
transactions of individuals, whatever right  
they could exercise over public departments.  
Amendment lost.

Mr. Ross moved another—"and also to  
enquire whether any and what compensa-  
tion and remuneration ought to be made to  
persons who suffered in consequence of their  
opposition to the act laying and collecting  
a direct tax."

In opposition to the amendment it was  
contended: that if the object did not go the  
whole way, it should not be introduced—  
that if it embraced the whole procedure, and  
those who broke a legal statute of the U.S.  
remunerated for their treason, those who  
quietly paid their taxes had stronger claims  
arising from amicable dispositions, and that  
to grant remuneration would be granting  
premiums for law breakers; and that if  
those who suffered under the direct tax be  
compensated with the same propriety have

those who suffered under the embargo, e-  
qual claims. On the general, that if the  
committee should report in favor of remu-  
neration, that the constitution did not sanc-  
tion the repayment of any monies forfeited  
under a judicial act of the legislature.

On the other hand, no opinion as to re-  
muneration was intended to be drawn from  
the vote; but as the constitutionality of the  
law has been questioned under which pen-  
alties has occurred, it would be submitting it  
to a committee to investigate, coolly and  
quietly, and if their report went to allow  
compensation, it would be a negative to the  
principle, it would awe ever after legisla-  
tures from passing similar laws, so that it  
was not offering a premium for breaking  
the law, but an opportunity afforded to en-  
quire, in the calm moments of reflection,  
after eight years of absence, whether the  
law was constitutional. On the constitution-  
ality the case of Captain Murray and o-  
ther officers was cited to shew a precedent  
where Congress had remitted certain mon-  
ies, which it was conceived unjust to hold,  
that there was no direct provision in the  
constitution on the case, the constitution  
then thought it did authorize the reception  
of monies illegally, did not exercise the  
power of holding them illegally.

Mr. Rhea moved that the resolution with  
the amendment, be postponed indefinitely,  
and the question was taken by yeas & nays  
and passed in the affirmative. Yeas 69—  
Nays 50.

Mr. Randolph. As so much of the time  
of this house has been occupied to-day by  
others, I will add my mite. I rise for the  
purpose of calling the attention of the house  
to one of the most important subjects we  
can bring under our attention. Whether  
we are to take up but a few special measures  
before we go into winter quarters, will not  
depend upon my vote, but I will have dis-  
charged my duty in directing the house to  
the subject of the motion which I am about  
to make. I on a former occasion expressed  
an opinion that the existing rules and arti-  
cles of war were materially defective, and  
this opinion has been strengthened by men  
of the greatest military talents in this coun-  
try. By these rules the knout, the halbert  
and the bastinado, are made legal agents of  
correction. The constitution has pointed at  
the militia as the legitimate body which re-  
sort is to be had to for protection in cases  
of insurrection or sudden invasions.—  
Are these articles and punishments to  
operate only on the creature who has  
sold his God, the creature who has sold  
himself, to be kicked, and cuffed and  
shot at for 6d a day? No, sir, but on  
the yeomanry, the sons of planters and men,  
the natural inheritors of the soil, who, tho'  
they would risk every thing for their coun-  
try's liberty, would never stand to be flog-  
ged by the rattan of a petty tyrant, the worst  
of all tyrants: no sir, and I speak of Vir-  
ginia, for were a citizen to be brought up to  
the halberts, the officers, having the temer-  
ity to order it would be sacrificed to the  
just resentment of their soldiers. I do  
not stand here to advocate the cause of  
those who sell themselves for a time or  
for life, who agree to wear livery and stri-  
ped backs, although their cases I would mo-  
dify and revise, for if military armies in  
Europe can be brought to such perfection  
without these cruel punishments, (and I un-  
derstand they are totally forbid in the ar-  
mies of France) can they not be equally per-  
fected in this country among freemen. And  
inasmuch as the militia are governed by the  
same rules as the army, I will make my  
motion so broad as to include both.

Resolved, That a committee be appointed  
to take into consideration the act entitled  
"an act establishing rules and articles for  
the government of the army of the U. S." and  
report whether any and what alterations  
it is expedient to make, and that they re-  
port by bill or otherwise.  
Resolution carried and a committee of 7  
appointed.  
A message from the President was read,  
"I have the honor of transmitting a re-  
port of the secretary of war, shewing the re-  
turns of the troops of the United States, on  
the peace establishment, and the returns of  
the additional army, authorized, &c.  
Referred to the committee appointed on  
that part of the President's message, relat-  
ing to the military establishment of the U.  
States, and ordered to be printed.  
A number of private petitions were pre-  
sented this day, and referred to their rela-  
tive committees.

The house adjourned to meet on Mon-  
day 11 o'clock.

Port of Alexandria.  
CLEARED.  
Schoner Eagle, Butler, Boston—by John  
G. Ladd.  
No entrances from ports beyond the  
Capes of Virginia this day.

For BOSTON,  
The Schooner  
ELIZABETH,  
JEREMIAH NEWCOMB, Master.  
To sail next week. For freight or passage,  
having good accommodations, apply to  
John G. Ladd.  
Who has for sale, now landing from said ves-  
sel,  
75 tons Plaster of Paris.  
May 29.

PUBLIC SALE.  
On MONDAY, the fifth of June, at four  
o'clock, in the afternoon, will be sold, on  
the premises,  
A Lease of a House and Lot  
of Ground, situated on King-street, late in  
the occupation of John Austin.  
Terms of sale will be made known on the  
place of sale.  
P. G. Marsteller.  
May 29.

NOTICE.  
IN pursuance of the decree of the hon. the  
circuit court of the district of Columbia  
for the county of Alexandria, the subscribers  
will proceed to sell at public sale on Saturday  
the first day of July next, for ready money,  
that three story BRICK HOUSE situate on  
the south side of Prince street, between Fair-  
fax and Water streets, formerly occupied by  
Adam S. Swoope, deceased.

Thomas Swann,  
Edmund I. Lee,  
COMMISSIONERS.  
May 29. dis

PORTER CELLAR.  
THE subscriber respectfully informs the  
public, that he has opened the very con-  
venient CELLAR under Mr. Gilman's house  
on Royal-street, where he intends to keep  
constantly, a supply of  
Porter, Ale & Cider,  
For sale by the dozen, or single bottle.  
—ALSO—  
ALE AND BEER BY DRAUGHT.  
Those who please to favor him with their  
custom shall be treated with every possible  
attention.  
James Crawford.  
May 29. d5t law4t.

District of Columbia,  
County of Washington, to wit:  
ON the petition of Edward Langley, an  
insolvent debtor, confined in the prison  
of Washington county, aforesaid, for debt.—  
Notice is hereby given to the creditors of the  
said Edward Langley, that on the 5th day of  
June next, at the court room in Long's tavern  
in the city of Washington, at the hour of 9  
o'clock A. M. the oath prescribed by the act of  
Congress entitled "An act for the relief of  
insolvent debtors within the district of Co-  
lumbia" will be administered to the said Ed-  
ward Langley, and a trustee appointed, un-  
less sufficient cause be then and there shewn  
to the contrary.  
Ordered that this notice be published in the  
Alexandria Daily Gazette, in the Washing-  
ton Federalist and in the National Intelligen-  
cer, three times in each paper before that  
day.  
By order of the hon. Wm. Cranch, esq.  
chief judge of the circuit court of the district  
of Columbia.  
Wm. Brent, Clerk.  
May 27 3t

District of Columbia,  
Washington County, to wit:  
ON the petition of JOHN EVANS, an in-  
solvent debtor, confined in the prison of Wash-  
ington county aforesaid for debt, Notice is  
hereby given to the creditors of the said John  
Evans that on the 5th day of June next, at  
the hour of 9 o'clock, A. M. at the court room  
of Long's tavern, in the city of Washington,  
the oath prescribed by an act of Congress,  
entitled "An act for the relief of insolvent  
debtors within the district of Columbia," will  
be administered to the said John Evans, and  
a trustee appointed, unless a sufficient cause  
be then and there shewn to the contrary.  
Ordered, that this notice be published for  
three times in the Washington Federalist, the  
National Intelligencer, and the Alexandria  
Advertiser, before that day.  
By order of the hon. William Cranch,  
chief judge of the circuit court of the  
district of Columbia.  
William Brent, c.  
May 23—(29) 3t

SEINE ROPE.  
THE subscriber manufactures and has for  
sale, at s house on Washington-street, op-  
posite Jacob Hoffman's sugar refinery, Seine  
and Hauling Ropes, of all sizes; Seine & Sew-  
ing Twine; Shad & Herring Twine; Sack-  
ing and Bed Cords; Plough Lines & Traces,  
Aleo, Tarred Rope and other Cords.  
Joseph Harper,  
February 2.



Joseph Mandeville,  
CORNER OF KING AND FAIRFAX STREETS,  
ALEXANDRIA:

Has received a considerable ad-  
dition to his Stock,

AND OFFERS FOR SALE,

20 hogsheads, } 1st and 2d quality  
20 barrels } Muscovado Sugars.  
7000 lb. Green Coffee  
3 1-2 tons British Patent Shot, assort-  
ed to No. 9.  
10 bales Cotton.  
10 casks first quality Goshen Cheese.  
40 boxes Mould Candles.  
15 bags clean heavy Pepper.  
20 lb. Nutmegs.  
casks London refined Saltpetre.  
5 ditto Irish Glue.

Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hy-  
son, Hyson Skin, and Padre Souhong Teas  
in quarter chests, boxes and cannisters—mos-  
t of which are equal in quality to any ever im-  
ported.

Madeira, Port, Marsala, Sherry, Lisbon, Te-  
neriffe, and Malaga Wines.

A few cases Medoc Claret.

Jamaica, Windward-Island, and Northern  
Rum.

Cognac, Bordeaux and Pech Brandy.

Holland and Country Gin.

Irish and Country Whiskey.

Six hogsheads Clerry Bounce.

Retailing Molasses, Havana Honey.

Wine and Cider Vinegar.

Best Florence Oil in bottles and flasks.

Loaf and Lump Sugars, Chocolate, Rice  
Pearl & Common Barley, Basket Salt, Starch

Fig Blue, Indigo, Mace, Cloves, Cassia, Pi-  
mento, Race and Ground Ginger, Cayenne

Pepper, Capers, Mustard, Raisins, Almonds,  
Currants, Madder, Allum, Copperas, Roll

Brimstone, Chalk, British and Brandywine  
Gunpowder, Spanish Segars, Cavendish and

Small Twist Chewing Tobacco, Leiper's,  
Garrett's, and Hamilton's Snuff, Writing and

Wrapping Paper, Playing Cards, Bed Cords,  
string Lines, &c. &c.

October 18.

John Gardner Ladd,

Has for sale, at his Warehouse, Princetree-  
Wharf—

Muscovado and Loaf Sugars in hogsheads  
and barrels.

Molasses, West-India, and New-England  
Rum in do.

Holland's Gin and French Brandy in pipes.  
Port, Sherry, and Malaga Wines.

Coffee, Rice, and Cotton Wool.

Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson-  
shulan, and Hyson-skin Teas, in whole, half,  
and quarter chests.

1 case black Persians.  
2 barrels Caroline Indigo.

20 crates Liverpool cream-colored & blue-  
edged Ware assorted.

Best Black Pepper in Bags.  
Spermaceti Mould, and Mould and Dip.

Tallow Candles in boxes.  
Brown Soap in boxes—Cod-fish in do.

Beef, Pork, Salmon, Shad and Herrings  
in barrels.

Tanners Oil, Spanish Hides, a quantity of  
Soal Leather, Mens', Womens' and Childrens'

Shoes of various descriptions, a few packages  
of White Rolls and German Checks, Russia

Sheetings and Diapers, Russia and Ravens  
Duck, India Cotton of different kinds, Nan-

keens, 150 pieces coarse Irish Linens, Writ-  
ing and wrapping Paper, 500 bushels coarse

Salt, Cordage, Flax, Glue, a quantity of Vi-  
negar. 200 tons Plaster Paris, and 20 tons

Russian Hemp, &c. &c.

January

Washington Canal.

THE Commissioners appointed under the  
act of Congress for opening the Canal in the  
City of Washington, hereby give notice, That  
a book for receiving and entering subscrip-  
tions for raising a Capital Stock for the pur-  
pose of opening said Canal, will be opened  
on Thursday, the 25th day of May next, at  
Long's Hotel, in the City of Washington,  
and kept open from ten o'clock, A. M. till  
three o'clock, P. M.

Daniel Carroll, of Dud.

George Blagden,

Griffith Combe,

Frederick May,

James D. Barry,

John Law,

Elias B. Caldwell,

COMMISSIONERS.

Washington, 17th April. 1awt25thM.

Form of a power to subscribe.

I, \_\_\_\_\_ do hereby authorise and  
empower \_\_\_\_\_ to subscribe for me  
in my name, for \_\_\_\_\_ shares in the Wash-  
ington Canal Company. Witness my hand  
and seal this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ in the  
year, &c. \_\_\_\_\_  
April 19. 1awt25M.

Printing in its various branches  
executed with accuracy and dispatch.

Doctor I. J. Comyn,

A professional DENTIST—of Baltimore,  
RESPECTFULLY acquaints the LADEIS  
and GENTLEMEN of Alexandria, that  
he intends to practice in this place for a few  
days, in all the various branches of his pro-  
fession. No genteel person of either sex,  
can give or receive pleasure or comfort, by  
teeth coated with tart or decayed gums, or  
festered breath. His method of cleaning the  
teeth will be found both easy and efficacious,  
as hundreds can attest in Baltimore and else-  
where. Without giving pain, or hurting the  
enamel, he removes the tartar, &c. when the  
teeth will assume a beautiful appearance the  
gums adhering to the teeth; but if the state  
of the gums require it, doctor C. will give  
to the person an antiscorbutic lotion of che-  
mical preparation, which gained the applause  
of hundreds both in Europe and America.—  
It is pleasant, innocent, and effectual, in  
smoothing and whitening the teeth and cur-  
ing the gums, rendering them red and firm,  
preventing the decay of the teeth and sweet-  
ening the breath. Doct. C. fits artificial teeth  
from one to an entire set, with such nicety, as  
to answer the useful purposes of nature, and  
of so natural an appearance that it is impossi-  
ble to distinguish them from real ones. Dr.  
C. flatters himself from his being regularly  
bred to the practice of physick, as well as to  
the Dentist Business, and his long experience  
on the continent of Europe (France and Spain)  
to give to all those who favour him with their  
commands, every possible satisfaction.  
May 13.

M. B. Doctor C. will wait on any lady or  
gentleman at their respective houses, or may  
be consulted at the City Tavern.

Robert Gray,

Bookseller and Stationer, King-street, Alex-  
andria, has just received, for sale,

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES:

The Columbiad, a poem, by Joel Bar-  
low, in large quarto, with plates—the most  
elegant work ever printed in America. Same  
work, in two volumes, 12 mo. Telfame, or  
the World Explained. Steuben's Military  
Discipline. Hugh Trevor. Littleton's Let-  
ter-Writer in London. Discarded Son. Lay  
of an Irish Harp. Marmion. Harriot's Strug-  
gles. Whitfield's Sermons. Burns's Works.  
Spectator. Milton's Works. Sterne's Works.  
Young's Night Thoughts. Botanic Garden.  
Telemachus, in French. Ferguson's Astro-  
nomy. Hervey's Meditations. Duncan's Lo-  
gic. Johnson's Pocket Dictionary. Domes-  
tic Cookery. Gulliver's Travels. Common  
Prayer Book. gilt and plain. Catholic ditto.  
Nugent's French Pocket Dictionary. Rode-  
rick Random. Lovers of La Vendee. New  
Week's Preparation for the Sacrament. Geo-  
graphical Compilations. Murray's Gram-  
mar, large and small. Pleader's Assistant.  
History of America. Don Quixotte. With a  
good assortment of Writing and Letter Pa-  
per, Bonnet Boards, &c. &c.

ALSO, the following musical articles.

A few Violins of a very superior quality.—  
Common do. from 3 dollars price, up to 12  
dollars. Violin Bows, Bridges and Screw  
Pins. Best Roman Violin Strings, extra long  
Russian horse hair for Violin Bows. Clarifi-  
ed Rozin for do. Instructions for the Piano,  
Violin, Flute, Fife and Clarinet. German  
Flutes, tipt and plain. One excellent C.  
Clarinet. One Hautboy. Clarinet & Haut-  
boy reeds. Military Fifes of a superior qua-  
lity. Common do.

ELEGANT EXTRACTS,

A selection of modern SONGS, sett to music  
for the Flute or Violin.

Madison's March, as played by the City  
Band on the 4th of March last, composed by  
P. Mauro, Washington City. Madison's  
March, as played at the New Theatre Phila-  
delphia and Baltimore, composed by A. Rein-  
gle. Both Marches set for the Piano Forte.

Valuable Property for Sale.

FIVE LOTS for sale, lying in the town  
of Alexandria, between Prince and Duke  
streets, two of the said Lots have fronts on  
Water street of 22 feet 2 inches each, ex-  
tending 150 feet back, the other two have  
each a front on Union street of 22 feet 2  
inches, and extend back 150 feet.

The other Lot has a front of 44 feet 4  
inches on Union street, extending 220 feet to  
Potomac river.—On the front there is a valu-  
able Wharf, which is at present fit to accom-  
modate large vessels, and may, if necessary,  
be extended to seven fathom water. There is  
on the water lot a Store-house 20 by 40 feet,  
two story high, built with stone; the streets  
in front of the above lots are well paved.—  
For terms of sale apply to Joshua & Thomas  
Gilpin, the proprietors, in Philadelphia, or  
to George Gilpin in Alexandria.

May 22.

2aw1m

District of Columbia,

County of Alexandria, April 11, 1809.

WAS committed to the jail of this coun-  
ty as a runaway, a negro man nam-  
ed JOHN: he is said to be the property of  
Robert Spadling, of Easton, state of Mary-  
land: he is about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high,  
and about twenty-seven years of age, much  
pitted with the small pox. The owner is re-  
quested to come and prove his property, pay  
charges and take him away, otherwise he will  
be disposed of as the law directs.

JAMES CAMPBELL, Jailor.

April 15

law2m

HAMILTON'S ELIXIR,  
FOR COUGHS.

THE increasing reputation of Hamilton's  
Elixir (which during the last nine years has  
become celebrated throughout the U. States,) warrants the assertion that it is the best reme-  
dy now in use for colds, obstinate coughs,  
asthma and approaching consumptions.—  
Experience has taught thousands, that the  
common opiates and balsamics, as they are  
called, finally aggravate every disorder of the  
breast and lungs, in the most distressing symp-  
toms, that they load the stomach and impair  
the digestion, inflame the whole system in-  
crease the difficulty of breathing and excite  
fever: But the qualities of this valuable dis-  
covery are evinced by perfectly opposite ef-  
fects.

A single trial will prove that it restores the  
determination of the fluids to the surface of  
the body, and brings on the common health-  
ful perspiration; that it dislodges and evac-  
uates the tough viscid phlegm or mucus, streng-  
hens the weakened vessels of the lungs sheathes  
the acrimonious liquor which irritates them,  
and finally discharges it. Thus striking at the  
root of the disorder the symptoms are effec-  
tually and permanently conquered, the reverse  
of common medicine which weakens the con-  
stitution and gives strength to the disorder,  
or the sake of moderating for the present some  
of its painful effects.

To parents who have children afflicted with  
the whooping cough, this discovery is of the  
first magnitude, as it affords immediate re-  
lief, checks the progress, and in a short time  
entirely removes the most cruel disorder to  
which children are liable. The Elixir is per-  
fectly agreeable, and the dose so small, that  
no difficulty arises in taking it.

Select Recommendations.

Philadelphia, August 9, 1806.

Mrs. H. Lee, widow of Richard Lee, jr.

Being desirous to make public for the good  
of others the excellent quality of Hamilton's  
Elixir, prepared by the late Mr. Lee, I have  
sent you the following account of the benefit  
I have received from it; which I hope will  
induce others to give it a trial. In conse-  
quence of a bruise on the breast received  
from a fall, my health grew bad, my breathing  
became very difficult, and frequently I have  
had suddenly to rise up in my bed with all the  
horrors of immediate suffocation. Add to  
these, a constant pain in my breast, and a  
cough, a great loss of strength and flesh, and  
you may conceive that my symptoms evi-  
dently indicated an approaching consump-  
tion.—The advice of a most eminent physician was  
resorted to, and afterwards a second was call-  
ed in, but without giving me any relief. An-  
other physician, who knew me and the cir-  
cumstances of my case, advised me to give  
Hamilton's Elixir a trial, saying, he had used  
it in his practice, and always found it do much  
good. A bottle was procured from Mr. Birch's  
and I found relief before I had taken half of  
it. I continued to use it, and was soon strong  
enough to attend to business. On taking cold  
some of my former symptoms return, but are  
always removed by a dose or two of the E-  
lixir.

GEO. BENNER, junior,  
No. 11, Budd-street, Philadelphia.

Mr. Charles Myers, Hamstead-Hill, near  
Baltimore, had been a long time dangerously  
indisposed, and was reduced to the lowest  
state of weakness, inasmuch that his recovery  
appeared extremely doubtful. His complaints  
which seemed to be affections of the breast  
and lungs, and general debility occasioned  
thereby, yielded little, but rather progressed  
under the treatment of several eminent phy-  
sicians; when by the use of Hamilton's E-  
lixir, his distressing cough was immediately  
alleviated, and every other symptom perfectly  
subdued. Four or five bottles entirely re-  
moved his complaints and restored him to an  
excellent state of health and strength, which  
he has for upwards of a year past, enjoyed  
without interruption.

From Luther Martin, esq. late attorney gene-  
ral of Maryland.

I comply with your request in stating my  
opinion of Hamilton's Elixir. It has been used  
in my family for two or three years past,  
with uniform success, whenever coughs, colds,  
or similar complaints have rendered medi-  
cine necessary. I have myself found it an ex-  
cellent and agreeable remedy for a very pain-  
ful and troublesome affection of the breast, ac-  
companied with soreness, and with obstructed  
and difficult breathing.

On these accounts I do not hesitate to re-  
commend Hamilton's Elixir as a valuable me-  
dicine, and deserving public attention.

LUTHER MARTIN.

ALSO,

Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lo-  
zenges.

ITCH CURED

By using Lee's Sovereign Ointment.

The proprietor informs those persons and  
families who are suffering under this disease  
against the infection of which no person is  
safe) that if this ointment is used at night so  
going to bed, it never fails to perform a cure  
by the following morning, as thousands who  
have used it during the last year can tes-  
tify. The peculiar excellency of this infal-

libe cure for the Itch over every other  
the certainty of a cure by a single application  
the ingredients being so innocent as to be ap-  
plied with perfect safety to the tenderest in-  
fant; and its being not only free from an of-  
fensive smell, but equally agreeable with the  
pleasantest pomatum.

The proprietor solemnly affirms that the  
ointment doth not contain a particle of brim-  
stone, mercury, or any injurious ingredient,  
whatever.

HAHN'S TRUE AND GENUINE

GERMAN CORN PLAISTER,

An infallible remedy for Corns, speedily re-  
moving them root and branch without giving  
pain.

The Genuine Persian Lotion,  
The Restorative Powder for the  
Teeth and Gums.

Hahn's Genuine Eye Water.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the  
eyes.

HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

Celebrated for the mildness of their opera-  
tion, &c. for being the best known remedy for  
lancinating the stomach and bowels.

Hamilton's Essence and Extract  
of Mustard,

For Rheumatism, Gout, Palsy, Swelling,  
Numbness, &c.

Tooth Ache Drops,

The only remedy yet discovered, which  
gives immediate and lasting relief, in the most  
severe instances.

The Anodyne Elixir,

For the cure of every kind of head ache.

The Damask Lip Salve.

TAKE NOTICE.—That imitations  
of the above medicines are for sale in this  
town—therefore please to apply only to Jas.  
Kennedy, sen. Bookseller, King-street, Alex-  
andria, who has long been sole agent for the sale of  
the genuine preparations. As a further secu-  
rity against imposition, each genuine article  
has on its outside wrapper, the signature of  
Hannah Lee,

Widow of the late Proprietor.

March 14.

NEWTON KEENE,

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

Per the schooner Harriott, capt. Keith,  
2000 bushels ground alum SALT, which will  
be sold low, if taken from on board,

And has on hand,

SUGAR in hhd. and barrels

WINE in pipes

QUEEN'S WARE in crates well asstd.

Best GREEN COFFEE in bags, and

Gro. alum and Liverpool SALT in sacks.

April 11

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FOR RENT,

THE DWELLING HOUSE of the late  
Colonel HOOE, on Water-street.—It is spa-  
cious and convenient, and has all necessary  
outhouses, with a very excellent garden at-  
tached to it.

J. H. HOOE,

John Muncafter,

Executors.

March 25.

NEW SHOE STORE.

THE subscribers have taken a store in  
Fairfax street, next door but one to Mr.  
Harper's apothecaries shop, where they have  
for sale a complete assortment of Ladies Mo-  
rocco and Kid Slippers, also, Misses and chil-  
dren's Shoes of all sizes and different colors.  
Various kinds of fancy Shoes for Ladies,  
among which are a small invoice of elegant  
English Foxed Shoes. Gentlemen's Boots  
and Shoes, ditto Leather and Morocco Pumps,  
boys fine and common Shoes of all sizes.—  
Likewise, a small quantity of Wrapping Pa-  
per.

The above named articles will be sold  
very cheap for CASH.

Hawkins & Alden.

May 15.

4t 1w 2t 1w

Advertisement.

WHEREAS the county court of Prince  
William hath made an order that the  
estate of Henry D. Hooe, deceased, shall be  
settled on the first Monday in July next:  
this is therefore to give notice to all persons  
having claim or claims against the said estate,  
that they must bring them in on or before the  
above mentioned day, and get them allowed  
by the court, and receive their part of the  
said estate, in equal ratio, agreeable to the  
said order.

William Shaw, D. S.

For Charles F. Well, late Sheriff of

Prince William County

April 1.—(May 8.)

law3w

A YOUNG MAN,

WHO can produce satisfactory recom-  
mendations, will be glad to be em-  
ployed in some dry or wet good store, or in  
some office. A letter directed to E. M. and  
left at this office, will be attended to.

April 19

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